



ALEXANDRIA.

TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 10.

SENATOR JONES, of Nevada, has offered a resolution in the Senate "requesting the President to negotiate a treaty with China containing a provision that no Chinese shall enter the United States except ambassadors and others engaged in the diplomatic service, and merchants engaged in trade between the United States and foreign countries." The relations between this country and China are friendly. What would Mr. Jones, or any other American citizen, think of a foreign country, with which the United States are at peace, which should demand of this country a treaty by which no American citizen except ambassadors and merchants should be admitted into that country? The world is too old now, and freedom too prevalent, and population too dense, for people to be kept within the boundaries of their native countries.

AT A GREAT meeting of the labor party in New York last Sunday night, Dr. McGlynn made a speech, in which he said:

"Is it not time to say that it is no part of our religion to acknowledge all this outrageous, infamous adulation and deification of the poor old bag of bones, seventy-eight years old, with one foot in the grave; poor absent-minded old man, flattered by his worshippers with the notion that he is one of the greatest pontiffs that ever lived, the arbiter of the quarrels of nations. So far from it being true that the Pope in politics is a blessing, I say it is one of the greatest curses possible to conceive."

The fact that this was received with rounds of applause shows that the labor party in New York doesn't contain many Catholics; that it was said at all, shows that the speaker was not discredited a moment too soon.

THE MECHANICS of New York complain that thousands of foreign bricklayers, stonecutters, plasterers and carpenters come there at the commencement of every building season, and as regularly return to their homes at the close thereof, with full pockets. None of the trades referred to are protected, but the wages therein are so high that they attract foreign mechanics; and though the protectionists insist that there must be a tax on the necessities of life in order to protect the workmen of this country against the competition of foreign cheap labor, they make no objection to the coming of such foreign labor without restriction.

MR. DINGLEY of Maine, inspired by the recent loss of the big raft on its way from Canada to this country, has introduced a bill into the House of Representatives to "prevent danger to ocean navigation from rafts of logs or timbers. He might just as well have introduced a bill to prevent dangers to ocean navigation from shipwrecks, or from any other kind of maritime accident. Some congressmen seem to think that all evils, whether on the earth, or in the skies above, or in the water beneath, can be cured by a bill.

IN HIS speech at New York last Sunday night, the deposed priest, Dr. McGlynn, said "he had done something at the last Presidential election for Mr. Cleveland which he would not do at the next Presidential election." The opposition of such men as Dr. McGlynn to the President, will make others besides Gen. Bragg "love Mr. Cleveland for the enemies he has made."

THE EXPERIENCE of the gun foundry at the Washington Navy Yard is by no means calculated to inspire hopes of the success of that foundry. On the contrary, it tends to strengthen the opinions of the many who think the government should put out all such work to contract, and have nothing to do with it but to test it before acceptance.

MR. HENRY W. GRADY will deliver the oration at the opening of the Sub-Tropical Exposition at Jacksonville, Florida, next Thursday. It is safe to predict that Mr. Grady will not, in his speech at Jacksonville, thank the North for whipping the South, as he did in the one he made in New York a year ago.

A GOOD play, by excellent players, will be rendered at the theatre to-morrow night. If it be well attended, as it deserves to be, there will be more good playing here, and fewer people will go from here to the Washington theatres.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

"Currency green" is a new shade but rarely seen hereabouts.

It is bull fighting in Mexico and bull and bear fighting in New York.

The President's dinner parties last several hours and there are often twenty courses. A trusted cashier of unquestioned integrity has abstracted \$4,000 from a Troy bank. The "Grecian coil" is the latest fashion in hair dressing. Like the old "Grecian bend" it will have its day.

A French woman owes up to marrying eight husbands—this beats the woman in the Bible who married seven.

There is an epidemic of measles in Washington and over a thousand cases are reported by the health officer there.

Mrs. Cleveland, who must be very tired of seeing her name in print, wears her hair in a "cloyed knot" held by diamonds.

Edwin Booth and Lawrence Barrett appear this week in Baltimore in Othello, Julius Caesar, Hamlet, etc. As Mr. Booth went play in Washington the Washingtonians will have to go to Baltimore, and are making arrangements accordingly.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

The Vicksburg Commercial-Herald building, newspaper, job office and hindery, were burned at 4 o'clock yesterday.

Frank Fallouze, a prominent citizen of Wheeling, W. Va., has been arrested on the charge of arson.

In the Senate yesterday Mr. Best, of Missouri, made a strong speech in opposition to the Blair educational bill.

There are indications of a possible small-pox epidemic in the lodging houses on the Bowery and vicinity in New York.

The United States Supreme Court will adjourn for the usual February recess on the 20th of February and will not reassemble until the 19th of March.

Sophia Dupont, wife of the late Admiral S. F. Dupont, died yesterday at her home, near Wilmington, Del. She was about seventy-eight years of age.

The annual convention of farmers and others interested in agriculture will be held at Sandy Spring, Montgomery county, Md., January 17th, at 10 o'clock.

One hundred steam pipe and boiler fitters went on strike in New York yesterday for an advance from \$3 to \$3.50 per day. Their places were filled with non-union men.

The steamer Tonawanda, for whose safety some fears have been entertained for the past week, was found by the pilotboat Bayard yesterday sixteen miles from Cape May lightship. All on board were well.

A letter of Cardinal Taschereau was read in all the Roman Catholic Churches in Quebec on Saturday strongly advising all Catholics not to enroll themselves in the society of the knights of labor, and if enrolled to withdraw as soon as possible.

The inauguration of Gov. Foraker, of Ohio, took place at Columbus yesterday. The military, political clubs and civil societies turned out. Much of the Governor's address was prophetic of the 100 years to come.

The visible supply of grain on January 7, as compiled by the secretary of the Chicago Board of Trade, was as follows: Wheat 43,857,191 bushels, decrease 664,807. Corn 6,397,754 bushels, increase 168,224. Oats 9,962,340 bushels, decrease 82,171. Rye 300,556 bushels, increase 5,280. Barley 3,325,401 bushels, decrease 159,120.

In the U. S. Supreme Court yesterday the attorney general of Missouri submitted a motion to dismiss for want of jurisdiction the case of Hugh Motram Brooks, alias W. H. Maxwell, now in prison in St. Louis under sentence of death for the murder of Chas. A. Preller. If the motion to dismiss be granted, it will of course be equivalent to an affirmation of the sentence of death pronounced by the State court.

Bishop Keane, of Richmond, president of the Catholic University to be erected in Washington, and Bishop Ireland, of St. Paul, will meet the Catholic clergy of Baltimore to-day, and will endeavor to enlist their help for the new university. Bishop Keane hopes to secure a contribution of \$100 from every priest in the United States. The amount of money now raised is \$600,000. The hitch in the way of a perfect title to the site recently purchased has been removed and building will begin in the spring.

A Wicked Woman's Career.

A suit for divorce will soon be begun in Washington by Mr. A. Scott Witherbee, a well known business man, against his wife, formerly Miss Nettie Dunlap. Mr. Witherbee was married to Miss Dunlap in February, 1886, having become acquainted with her while she was visiting the capital. A few months after marriage the wife induced her husband to allow her to visit friends in the West. A couple of weeks later Mr. Witherbee received a dispatch from a brother in Chicago asking what his wife was doing in that city. Mr. Witherbee went to Chicago, where he found Mrs. Witherbee living with a wealthy New Yorker as his wife. After returning to Washington the husband told her that after what had happened they could never live together as man and wife. She replied that she had tried to be respectable and had found that that was impossible, and that she had married him more for an experiment than anything else. The next day she left Washington, going, it is said, to Chicago, accompanied by T. J. Mackey, a lawyer. Nettie was plentifully supplied with money, which, it is alleged, she obtained from her wealthy admirers. Nettie's money soon vanished and she returned to Chicago, where, it is said, she nearly died from malpractice. Later she and Mackey went to Texas. There Nettie tried to get a divorce from her husband, but detectives were about to have the two arrested for perjury, when they disappeared. The claim upon which Mr. Witherbee will base his suit is desertion, and not the more serious charge that might be proven. The latter would compromise too many prominent men who have fallen victims to Nettie's fascinations.

The following history of the woman's early life is given: About the time of the outbreak of the war a young woman named Hade, living near Elgin, Ill., was ruined by a neighbor's son, who refused to marry her. A child was born, and the mother's parents drove her from their door. In her journey she came to a poor cobbler's cottage and knocked. When the door was opened she fell fainting across the threshold. The cobbler was Geo. Dunlap, and he adopted the child, the mother going away. Dunlap gave the girl his name, and she was called Nettie. She had beauty and it was discovered that she had a fine voice, but she was wilful and lazy. Thus it was that she attracted the attention of an Elgin millionaire. He offered to educate her, gave her money and fine clothes and sent her to New York. She developed rapidly, and became the leading soprano in a fashionable New York church. Meanwhile there was trouble brewing in the millionaire's home. His wife, it was said, was jealous of the beautiful song bird. She sued for a divorce and obtained it, the husband settling a handsome sum upon her. He went to Europe, and it was said Nettie accompanied him.

In the Methodist preachers' meeting in Baltimore yesterday Rev. Mr. Clemm read a paper entitled "A protest against the action of President Cleveland in sending a copy of the constitution of the United States to Pope Leo XIII on the occasion of the recent jubilee of the latter." The protest excited considerable discussion, the members being about equally divided. It was insisted that it was official recognition of the pope's office when he is only the head of a church, which the constitution, by implication, prohibits. The matter was referred to a committee, which is expected to report next week.

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Killed by a Woman. PROVIDENCE, R. I., Jan. 10.—Maggie Brady, aged 32, who keeps a house of ill repute in the village of Woodville, North Providence, shot and killed Charles Schneider, 22 years old, a weaver, about midnight last night. According to the woman's story Schneider with another young weaver, Will Schreiter, went to the house and were refused admission. They then began to break in the door. The Brady woman fired three blind shots through the door from a revolver. One bullet struck Schneider in the region of the twelfth rib and he died after reaching Geneva Village.

Miss Campbell Victorious. NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—The jury in the case of Miss Campbell against coffee merchant Arbuckle, for breach of promise, today returned a verdict for the plaintiff in the sum of \$45,000.

Court of Appeals Yesterday.—Virginia Midland Railroad Company against Rust. Writ of error and supersedeas awarded to a judgment rendered by the Circuit Court of Fairfax county on the 16th of November, 1887.

Crump against the Commonwealth.—Argued by Charles V. Meredith, esq., for plaintiff in error and the Attorney-General for the Commonwealth and submitted.

The steamer Concho will only be temporarily repaired at Norfolk, and will then be taken to Baltimore for permanent repairs.

From Washington.

(Special Correspondence of the ALEXA. GAZETTE.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10, 1888. On the 4th instant, in the House, Mr. Dingley, of Maine, introduced the following bill, which is now before the Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries:

Be it enacted, etc., That the local inspectors mentioned in section forty-four hundred and forty-two of the Revised Statutes may, upon application, examine the master or mate of any sailing vessel of the United States employed in the coastwise trade, and if satisfied, from personal examination of the applicant and proof which he offers, that he possesses the requisite knowledge, experience and skill, they shall grant such master or mate a license for the term of two years to pilot such vessel, or any other sailing vessel belonging to the same owners, in such ports, harbors, or waters within the limits of such inspection district as may be prescribed in his license, with the same liability to suspension or revocation as licenses given to pilots of any steam vessel under the laws of the United States; and no such sailing vessel piloted into or out of any port of the United States by any such master or mate so licensed shall be held or obliged to take any other pilot in any such port, or be compelled to pay any charges or fees to any pilots for pilotage services offered and declined under the pilotage laws or regulations of any State.

Sec. 2. That no sailing vessel of the United States employed in the coastwise trade taking and having the aid or towage of a steam vessel into or out of any port of the United States, when such steam vessel is in command of a licensed pilot for such port under the laws of the United States, shall be obliged to take any other pilot in any such port, or, declining the offer or tender of pilotage services in such port of any pilot appointed under the laws or regulations of any State, be compelled to pay any fees or charges to such State pilot.

Sec. 3. That so much of the last clause of section forty-four hundred and forty-four of the Revised Statutes as is inconsistent with this act is hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. That this act shall take effect six months after its passage.

The subcommittee to which this bill has been referred is composed of Hatch, Dingley and Clark, all of whom are in favor of it. Mr. Mills, of Texas, was on this subcommittee last year, and was so bothered by its numerous opponents, who beset him nearly all the time, and would even eat and sleep with him, that he swore he would serve on it no longer. A delegation from Norfolk, with Mr. Marshall at their head, are here to-day for the purpose of opposing the passage of the bill.

The Senate Judiciary Committee by a formal vote to-day decided to report adversely upon the nomination of Mr. Lamar to be Associate Justice of the U. S. Supreme Court. The vote was as follows: Against confirming: Messrs. Edmunds, Ingalls, Hoar, Wilson and Evans, the five republican members. For confirming: Messrs. Pugh, Coke, Vest and George, the four democratic members. It is the general impression, even among republicans, that the report will be rejected by the Senate, and Mr. Lamar be confirmed.

Among the strangers on the floor of the House to-day, before it was cleared, was Dennis Kearney, the famous "sand lot orator" from San Francisco. He says he will stay East till summer. It is understood that he is a labor agent, sent here to influence Congressional legislation. He was made a great deal of by the republican representatives from his State, who took him around and introduced him to those members of the House who pose as great friends of the workmen.

Among the bills introduced in the Senate yesterday was one by Senator Cullom of Illinois, to pension all the survivors of the Black Hawk and Seminole war except Jefferson Davis.

In the House to-day the call of States for bills, not completed yesterday, was resumed, and a deluge of bills was the result, few of which will ever be heard of again.

A delegation from Dumfries, Va., headed by Mr. Ratcliff, called upon Gen. Lee at the House to-day, and urged him to have an appropriation made for the improvement of navigation at Dumfries.

The House Banking and Currency Committee to-day agreed to report a bill fixing the circulation of the national banks at the par value of their bonds deposited in the Treasury.

Senator Riddleberger having read in last evening's GAZETTE the letter ex-Auditor Brown Allen, of Virginia, sent to Secretary McCook, resigning his position as a clerk in his office, was at the Secretary's office early to-day, and demanded Mr. Allen's immediate removal, though, as stated in this correspondence yesterday, his removal would not otherwise have taken place until the 15th. The Senator's demand was complied with at once, and Mr. Allen's pay as an employee of the Senate closed to-day.

The nomination of Mr. Vilas to be Secretary of the Interior will be reported favorably and unanimously, and that of Mr. Dickinson to be Postmaster General will probably be reported by Senator Sawyer, of the Post Office Committee, at the first executive session.

Judge T. J. Mackay of South Carolina, whose name is mentioned in the sensational divorce suit brought by A. Scott Witherbee, well known in the financial and social circles of Chicago, was a confederate scout with Mr. Abner Minor, of Fairfax, and operated near Alexandria during the early part of the civil war.

LEGISLATIVE.

In the State Senate yesterday a bill was introduced to allow compensation to physicians and surgeons giving expert testimony in addition to regular witness fee of 50 cents.

Mr. Heaton was placed on the Committee for Courts of Justice.

A bill to amend section one of the "coupo crusher" act, the object of which bill is to allow the suits to be brought in Corporation as well as Circuit Courts was introduced.

A joint resolution providing for the appointment of a special joint committee to consider the laws of the Commonwealth in regard to the public free schools, &c., was passed.

In the House of Delegates a bill was introduced to prevent the frequent change of text books in the public schools, forbidding the change of books for ten years.

Mr. Ryan introduced a bill to amend the act incorporating the Mineral Railroad Company.

The bill to prevent county, district school, and corporation officers and school trustees from purchasing county and corporation warrants and school claims, was passed.

A bill was introduced for the relief of B. S. English, deputy treasurer of Westmoreland county.

A joint resolution requesting our Senators and instructing our Representatives in Congress to urge an appropriation for establishing suitable works in this State for the manufacture of sugar from sorghum, and also for a school where the process shall be taught, was placed on the calendar.

Dead.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 10.—Peter Shoenberger, son of George K. Shoenberger, a well known millionaire of Clifton, died yesterday aged 39 years.



TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Proceedings of Congress.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 10. SENATE.

The President's messages as to an international convention for the greater security of life and property at sea; in relation to fixing a prime meridian and universal day, and as to the protection of submarine cables, were presented to the Senate and were referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations; also the President's message as to the reduction of reservations of certain Indians, which was referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

A number of petitions were afterwards presented.

The resolution for the appointment of a select committee on the postal telegraph was indefinitely postponed.

A number of bills were introduced and referred.

The bill to credit and pay to the several States and Territories and the District of Columbia all moneys collected under the direct tax act of August, 1861, was taken from the calendar and considered, but the bill was laid aside without further action.

The Senate then proceeded to the consideration of the Blair educational bill, and Mr. Wilson, of Maryland, made a constitutional argument against it.

HOUSE.

The Speaker announced the appointment of Mr. Wheeler, of Alabama, and Mr. Phelps, of New Jersey, as members of the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution.

Mr. Burnes, of Missouri, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported the urgent deficiency bill, and it was referred to the Committee of the Whole.

The call of States, which was uncompleted yesterday, was resumed, and numerous bills were introduced and referred.

The House at 1:50 adjourned.

Mrs. McIntosh's Suit.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Jan. 10. Mrs. A. J. McIntosh, the eldest daughter of the late W. C. DePaw, of New Albany, who has entered suit against the executors, heirs, legatees and beneficiaries under the will, has submitted a proposition to Alexander Dowling, the resident attorney of the estate, in which she offers to go into an agreement with the heirs at-law to observe the supposed last will of her father in regard to the payment of bequests to charities and public institutions should she succeed in breaking the will, and to pledge the entire estate to the discharge of these obligations. Unless this is approved by the other natural heirs, if the will is broken the entire estate will revert to the DePaw family and the other legatees will receive no part of the amounts bequeathed to them. The will devised about \$1,500,000 to DePaw University and about as much more for the Methodist Conference. The estate inventories over \$6,000,000 and he left about \$40,000 to Miss McIntosh, his eldest child. The defendants will be represented in the contest by a great array of talent, including Senator Voorhees and ex-Senators Harrison and McDonald.

The Dakota Convention.

ST PAUL, Minn., Jan. 10.—The Pioneer Press learns that the constitutional convention of Dakota in session at Huron yesterday adopted a memorial to Congress reciting its creation by the Territorial Legislature of 1857, and that it again comes together to emphasize the request of the people of South Dakota for a division of the Territory and the admission of Southern Dakota as a State. It is recalled that for eighteen years the question of division has been contemplated by the people of the Territory. Resolutions of the last republican and democratic Territorial conventions favoring division are cited. Also the recent vote of the people of the Territory, which it is asserted gave a decisive majority for division. It is claimed South Dakota now has a population of 360,000, an area of 77,000 square miles and every requisite for a strong and safe State. The people of South Dakota would be false to the cardinal principles of the republic if they should now accept admission as a whole. Even Territorial government with its privations is declared preferable. It is requested that the Territory be divided on the 47th standard parallel instead of the 46th, and that the State be designated South Dakota.

Attacked by Apaches.

TOMBSTONE, A. T., Jan. 10.—Superintendent Russell of the San Pablo mine, in Sonora, arrived here yesterday and says a prospecting party of four men were attacked 90 miles southeast of Vazcassari on Christmas by Apaches. One of the prospectors named Jacobs was killed and Big Jake Offer was mortally wounded. The other men fought the Indians off and then escaped. The Indians succeeded in getting some burros and provisions from the party. The band, it is thought, is the same that escaped from Gen. Miles near San Bernardino Ranch at the time of Geronimo's surrender and has since been raiding southern Sonora.

Fatal Affray.

BRUNSWICK, Mo., Jan. 10.—C. Talmadge, son of the late A. A. Talmadge, shot and killed the night telegraph operator, C. J. Tidd, at this place at 7:15 o'clock last night. They had quarrelled Saturday night over a telegraph order and the quarrel was renewed Monday night in the depot office. In the scuffle that ensued Tidd got Talmadge down and was punishing him when Talmadge drew a revolver and shot him through the heart, killing him almost instantly. Tidd was a man about thirty years of age and leaves a wife and one child. Talmadge is about twenty years of age.

The best etiquette for a man is not to boast of his virtues. It is also exceedingly inelegant to annoy society with his coughs and colds, which he can find relief in a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

Shot by a Negro.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Jan. 10.—News was received here yesterday of the shooting of paymaster Ruffin at a railway camp on the Birmingham mineral railroad. He became involved in a row with a negro, and another negro compelled him at the mouth of a revolver to hold up his hands while his assailant shot him. Ruffin is still alive, but will almost certainly die. The negro who did the shooting escaped but his partner is in jail here.

Suicide of a Rector.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—Rev. John Lowther, a rector at Bolton, near Wigan, has committed suicide by shooting. Previous to the act he had received a summons to answer a charge of indecent assault upon a servant girl. Deceased was a cousin of Lord Londsdale and a relative of the Right Hon. James Lowther.

A Ghastly Discovery.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Jan. 10.—The half-devoured remains of a man, supposed to be white, were found fourteen miles from here in an old field Sunday. They were so devoured by animals and buzzards as to be unrecognizable. There is no clue to his identity.

Utah Wool Growers.

SALT LAKE, Utah, Jan. 10.—Utah wool growers representing over a million sheep met in convention in this city yesterday. Permanent organization was effected and a strong resolution passed protesting against reduction of the tariff on wool.

Reading Railroad Strike.

READING, Pa., Jan. 10.—Since late last night about 125 loaded coal cars came through from the coal regions to this city. This is the first coal which left Schuylkill county since Sunday. It all came from individual collieries.

Arrived in Port.

NEW YORK, Jan. 10.—The steamer Tonawanda, before reported disabled at sea, has arrived and been docked at Brooklyn.

The Gazette.

The ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE has lived to experience the pleasure of its eighty-ninth year, and well worthy of its long life is the best of our Virginia dailies. We wish the GAZETTE a progressive and pleasant New Year of its good and faithful laborers.—Gordonville Gazette.

The ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE is in its eighty-ninth year, but age does not stifle its indomitable spirit. It is active, as vigilant, as full of life and energy, from a partisan standpoint, the GAZETTE started on its career. We hope it may exist and flourish always.—Culpeper Exporter.

On the 21st instant the ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE entered upon its 89th year. There is no better newspaper published in the South than the GAZETTE, and it is always a welcome visitor to our office; indeed, it has become a necessity to us.—Charlottesville Chronicle.

On last Tuesday the ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE reached the 89th year of its existence. Quite venerable, to be sure, for a newspaper in a state that passed the trying ordeals of the Old Dominion did during the war. Barring a few slight imperfections from a partisan standpoint, the GAZETTE is one of the best newspapers in Virginia. We certainly regard it as our most valued Virginia exchange. May it live to see many more birthdays.—Fredericksburg Free Lance.

The GAZETTE, Alexandria, Va., entered on its 89th year on the 21st instant. Though venerable in years, the GAZETTE exhibits the vigor of youth, and no other paper in the South can compare with it in the quality of its news.

The ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE celebrated its 88th birthday on the 21st instant. It does not suffer from its advanced age, but remains vigorous and brave as ever, attacking the wrong in friend and foe alike, encouraging the good, and being ever the champion of liberty and right, whether on the popular or unpopular side. We wish it many happy returns of the day, which will, we trust, always find it as we did at the beginning of the year—on the right road.—Newport News Commercial.

On the 21st instant the ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE entered upon its 89th year. For nearly a century the GAZETTE has been one of the leading newspapers of the State, and to-day it shows a vitality and enterprise in keeping with the progressive spirit of the times. We cannot always endorse the GAZETTE's course, and frequently wish it would pursue a different one, not only for the good of the party, but because we hate to see so good a paper on the wrong side of an unpopular issue. We wish it many happy returns of the day, which will, we trust, always find it as we did at the beginning of the year—on the right road.—Newport News Commercial.

The ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE last Monday entered upon its eighty-ninth year of its existence. It says that it is "venerable in years, but juvenile in spirit." The Public Ledger, which is yet in its teens, sends greetings.—Norfolk Ledger.

The old and reliable ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE commenced its eighty-ninth year on the 21st instant. Like old wine, it improves with age.—Piedmont Virginian.

Michael Fogarty and Dennis Hayes, two of the Reading Railroad strikers, have been arrested in Norristown, Pa., and placed in jail for attacking an engineer and fireman on the Reading road while in the discharge of their duties yesterday.

Little Willie screams and storms with a turn upon his arm. To little Willie joy is sent, by using Salvation Oil the great liniment.

DIED.

At the residence of her son Willoughby, 122 south Fairfax street, on Monday, the 9th instant, Mrs. MARY S. NEWTON, widow of the late Willoughby Newton, of Westmoreland county, Va.

On Monday, January 9, 1888, in Washington, D. C., at half past four p. m., ELIZA JANE CAMERON, wife of David Turner, formerly of this city.

RED COIL; fire test, over 150°; gravity, 49°; just received by J. C. MILBURN.

NEW RAISINS and BRAZIL NUTS received day by J. C. MILBURN.

FAMILY ROE HERRING in kits, just the size package for family trade. GEO. MCBURNEY & SON.

WHITE WASH BRUSHES, Garden Rakes, Hoes, Trowels, &c.,—a full stock now on hand J. F. CARLIN & SONS.

WE MAKE HOSIERY A SPECIALTY; therefore can give extra values for prices paid. AMOS B. SLAYMAKER.

SELECTED AFRICAN and ASIATIC DATES just received at MCBURNEY'S STORE.

TEAS—Having bought large quantities of Teas, carefully selected, I am selling the same very low. J. C. MILBURN.

KITCHEN, CRYSTAL and PEERLESS Scenting Soaps, for sale by J. C. MILBURN.

ANOTHER INVOICE OF PAPER BUCKETS 25c each, just received by J. C. MILBURN.

DOUBLE FRONT and BACK finest grade CAMELS' HAIR SHIRTS at AMOS B. SLAYMAKER'S.

INDIA GAUZE, Gossamer and Balbriggan Shirts, long and short sleeves, just received at AMOS B. SLAYMAKER'S.